

Running FME Flow on Kubernetes

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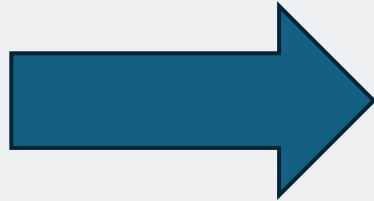
Agenda

- Enterprise integration patterns, then and now
- How does FME fit in?
- FME Flow on Kubernetes?
- Conclusion & discussion

Enterprise integration, then and now

Then

- File transfer
- Ad-hoc; scheduled batch jobs
- Coding/scripts
- On-premise



Now

- APIs, webhooks, queues, streams
- Event-driven
- No-code/low-code tools
- On-premise, hybrid, cloud-only

How does FME fit into this?

Then

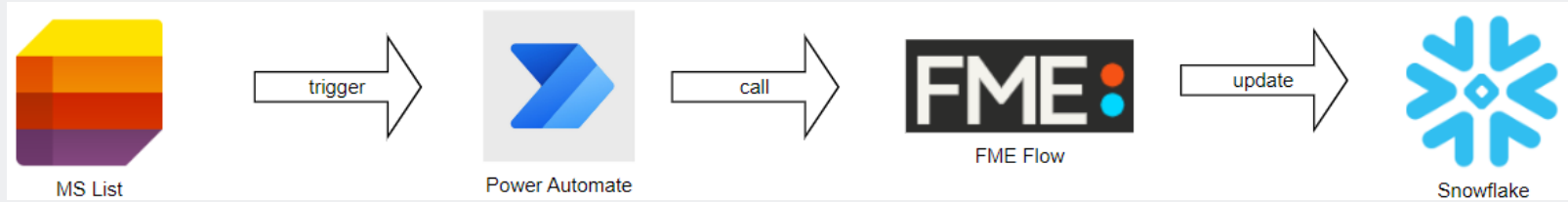
- Desktop only (FME Workbench)
- Run interactively or via batch files
- Files, databases



Now

- FME Form (build & test, run ad-hoc)
- FME Flow (automate)
- Act as a client or server for:
Web apps, webhooks, queues, streams

How does FME fit into this (cont'd) ?



1. Availability

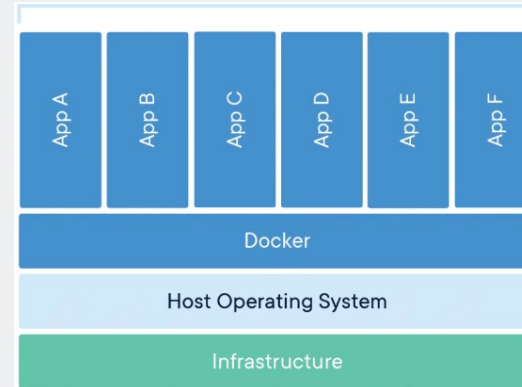
3. Disaster Recovery

2. Scalability

4. Security

What is Kubernetes?

- Open-source container orchestration platform
- Originally developed by Google
- Manage containers at scale
- Address non-functionals



A container is a standard unit of software that packages up code and all its dependencies so the application runs quickly and reliably from one computing environment to another. A Docker container image is a lightweight, standalone, executable package of software that includes everything needed to run an application: code, runtime, system tools, system libraries and settings.

<https://www.docker.com/>

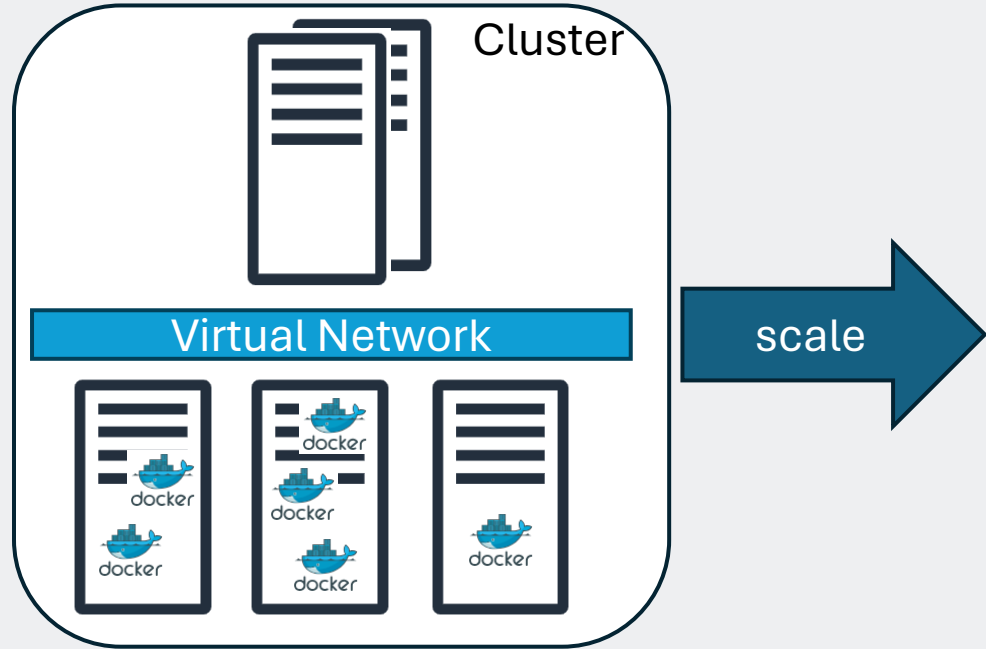
How does it work?

Master node(s) / Control plane

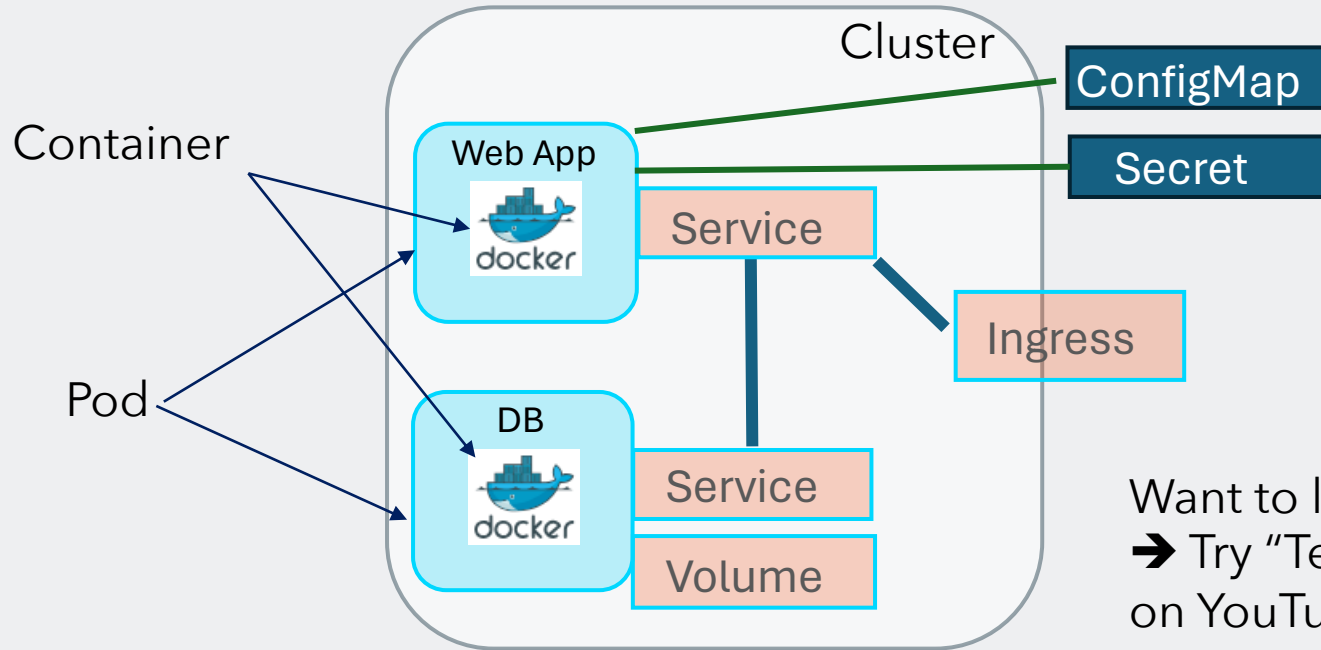
- API Server
- Controller Manager
- Scheduler
- etc

Worker node(s)

- Kubelet
- Kube-Proxy



How does it work?



Want to learn about DevOps?
➔ Try "TechWorld with Nana"
on YouTube

How do we work with it?

```
1 fmeserver:
2   image:
3     tag: "2023.2"
4     registry: docker.io
5     namespace: safesoftware
6     # Supported values: Always or IfNotPresent
7     pullPolicy: IfNotPresent
8   database:
9     host:
10    port: '5432'
11    name: fmeserver
12    user: fmeserver
13    password: fmsmgr209
14    passwordSecret:
15    passwordSecretKey: fmeserver-db-password
16    # require ssl on the connection
17    ssl: false
18    # set to true if using Azure Postgresql to make sure connection strings are formatted correctly
19    azure: false
20
21    # This user and password must be a database user that can create databases and users in the postgresql database
22    adminUser: postgres
23    adminPasswordSecret:
24    adminPasswordSecretKey: postgres-password
25    adminDatabase: postgres
26  webServers:
27    maxThreads: 200
28    experimentalJavaFlags: false
29    hikariDBMaxConnections: 30
30    forcePasswordChange: true
31    debugLevel: "NONE"
32    enableTransactionQueueTimeout: false
33    scheduler:
34    idleWaitTime: 5000
35  healthcheck:
36    enabled: true
37    liveness:
38    initialDelaySeconds: 60
39    failureThreshold: 5
40    timeoutSeconds: 5
41    periodSeconds: 10
42  readiness:
43    initialDelaySeconds: 60
44    failureThreshold: 3
45    timeoutSeconds: 5
46    periodSeconds: 5
47  startup:
48    initialDelaySeconds: 10
49    failureThreshold: 20
50    timeoutSeconds: 5
51    periodSeconds: 30
52  engines:
53    debugLevel: "NONE"
54    hideHostContent: true
55    enginesNodeManaged: false
```

PowerShell
PS C:\User
NAMESPACE
cert-manag
cert-manag
cert-manag
cert-manag
fmefflow202
fmefflow202
fmefflow202
fmefflow202
fmefflow202
fmefflow202
ingress-ng
kube-syste
kube-syste
kube-syste

Helm

```
helm upgrade fmefflow safesoftware/fmeserver-2023-2 -f "C:\Users\JanRoggisch\OneDrive - Polyline Consulting Limited\Projects\FME\
lues.yaml" -n fmefflow2023
upgraded. Happy Helming!
```

server should be ready shortly! You can check the progress of the deployment by typing:
`get pods`
ning, you should be able to access your deployment under <https://plcfme2024k8s.australiaeast.cloudapp.azure.com>
s working correctly, helm provides a test framework which can be run once the FME Server is up and running and licensed:
`fmefflow2023 --logs --timeout 10m0s`
at test basic FME Server functionality.
g does not work:
ntroller deployed? Check the following link for more details: <https://kubernetes.github.io/ingress-nginx/deploy/>
nough disk storage?
ough / do you have enough nodes?
tivate events on any of the fmeserver resources by running the command:
`sort-by=.metadata.creationTimestamp -n fmefflow2023 --field-selector type!=Normal`
lease review the Useful Commands for FME Server and Kubernetes article, which contains troubleshooting tips and commands. <http://safesoft.com/docs/commands-for-FME-Server-for-Kubernetes>
ve the issue, or you think you've found a bug you can contact us here: <https://www.safe.com/support/>

```
helm ls --all-namespaces
```

NAME	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE	
n-796cbde574-clkgd	1/1 Running	0	5d3h	
r-cainjector-9b74bc658-dkxq7	1/1 Running	407 (4m30s ago)	5d3h	
r-webhook-7ddf7c4bd-9rdt2	1/1 Running	0	5d3h	
fmefflow2023	2/2 Running	0	5d3h	
fmefflow2023	1/1 Running	0	6d	
fmefflow2023	1/1 Running	0	5d3h	
fmefflow2023	1/1 Running	0	46h	
fmefflow2023	1/1 Running	0	5d3h	
fmefflow2023	1/1 Running	0	5d3h	
ingress-nginx	1/1 Running	0	5d3h	
kube-system	ama-metrics-group-d55c74798-xb649	1/1 Running	1 (46h ago)	46h
kube-system	ama-metrics-ksa-d9c6f475b-mmcmf	1/1 Running	3 (46h ago)	46h
kube-system	ama-metrics-node-ghpns	2/2 Running	1 (46h ago)	46h
kube-system	ama-metrics-node-ktvcm	2/2 Running	1 (46h ago)	46h



Conclusion

Cons

- Steep learning curve
- Challenging to do on the side
- Forces you to adopt a DevOps approach

Pros

- Turns an FME Flow deployment into a cloud platform
- Upgrades are fast and reliable
- SSL config becomes a breeze
- Allows you to adopt a DevOps approach

Thank you!

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